

BEGIN - SEPTEMBER 20, 1961

30.24-1719

ASBUN (BJT)  
AMS BUDGET  
NIGHT LEAD U.N. (550)  
BY MILTON BESSER

30 24  
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 20 (AP)--THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY UNANIMOUSLY ELECTED MONGI SLIM, DAPPER 53-YEAR-OLD NORTH AFRICAN DIPLOMAT, AS ITS PRESIDENT. BUT DELEGATES REMAINED FRUSTRATED IN THEIR SEARCH FOR EVEN A TEMPORARY SUCCESSOR TO SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

SLIM, A 5-FOOT 2-INCH BACHELOR, HAS REPRESENTED TUNISIA HERE SINCE IT BECAME A U.N. MEMBER IN 1956. HE IS WARMLY REGARDED BY THE WEST AS A MODERATE IN THE STRONG ASIAN-AFRICAN BLOC. HE IS THE FIRST AFRICAN TO BE NAMED AN ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT.

SLIM WAS ELECTED BY A VOTE OF 96 TO 0 WITH 1 ABSTENTION. THE BALLOTING WAS SECRET BUT RELIABLE SOURCES SAID FRANCE--WHICH HAD BEEN AT ODDS WITH TUNISIA IN THE RECENT BIZERTE CRISIS--VOTED FOR HIM. ISRAEL WAS ABSENT BECAUSE OF THE YOM KIPPUR HOLIDAY, AND ONE OTHER DELEGATION DID NOT CAST A BALLOT.

SPEAKING IN FRENCH AND IN A SOMBER TONE THAT MATCHED THE MOOD OF THE DELEGATES, SLIM EXPRESSED GRATITUDE FOR THE UNANIMITY SHOWN IN HIS ELECTION.

THEN, IN APPARENT REFERENCE TO THE NO. 1 PROBLEM OF FINDING A REPLACEMENT FOR HAMMARSKJOLD, SLIM DECLARED THE U.N. REQUIRES UNANIMITY "IN ORDER TO FACE THE PAINFUL AND DELICATE POSITION IN WHICH WE FIND OURSELVES."

HE APPEALED FOR A SOLUTION IN KEEPING WITH THE CHARTER "AND OF SUCH A NATURE AS TO STRENGTHEN AND GUARANTEE ITS FUTURE FOR THE GREATER GOOD OF MANKIND" AND PARTICULARLY THE SMALLER NATIONS WHO PLACE THEIR FAITH IN THE U.N. FOR KEEPING THE PEACE.

HE PRAISED HAMMARSKJOLD AS A SHINING EXAMPLE OF LOYALTY, DEVOTION AND PERSEVERANCE.

"THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS FELL A VICTIM TO HIS DUTY," HE SAID. "HE DIED, ONE MIGHT SAY, ON THE BATTLEFIELD OF PEACE."

SLIM HAS BEEN MENTIONED AS A POSSIBLE CANDIDATE FOR AN INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL, ALONG WITH AMBASSADOR FREDERICK H. BOLAND OF IRELAND, RETIRING PRESIDENT OF THE 15TH ASSEMBLY.

BUT SLIM WAS REPORTED RELUCTANT TO SERVE IN A DUAL CAPACITY, AND BOLAND SAID HE DID NOT WANT TO ACCEPT THE POST.

"HAVING REGAINED MY FREEDOM," HE TOLD A REPORTER, "I HAVE NO INTENTION OF LOSING IT."

WITH THOSE TWO OUT OF THE PICTURE, SPECULATION CENTERED ON BURMA'S AMBASSADOR U THANT AS A POSSIBLE CANDIDATE. HE HAS BEEN PROMINENT IN THE ASIAN-AFRICAN GROUP, AND IS WELL LIKED BY THE WEST.

THE WEST WAS REPORTED DETERMINED TO PRESS FOR APPOINTMENT OF AN INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL, EVEN IF IT MEANT HE WOULD NOT BE RECOGNIZED BY THE SOVIET UNION.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS MADE CLEAR IT WILL ACCEPT ONLY THE "TROIKA" PLAN--THE APPOINTMENT OF A THREE-MAN EXECUTIVE REPRESENTING THE WEST, COMMUNIST AND NEUTRAL NATIONS--EACH ONE WITH THE POWER OF VETO.

WESTERN DELEGATES SOUGHT TO CONVINCE THE SMALLER NATIONS, AND PARTICULARLY THE BIG ASIAN-AFRICAN BLOC, THAT IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT THE UNITED NATIONS BE KEPT FROM FALLING INTO A STATE OF CHAOS BECAUSE OF LACK OF AN EFFECTIVE EXECUTIVE ARM.

UNDER THE U.N. CHARTER THE 11-NATION SECURITY COUNCIL MUST RECOMMEND A SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD TO THE ASSEMBLY. THE BIG POWER VETO HELD BY THE SOVIET UNION CAN PREVENT SUCH RECOMMENDATION FROM REACHING THE ASSEMBLY.

BUT THE WESTERN DELEGATES SAY THE ASSEMBLY HAS AUTHORITY TO NAME AN INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL, AND THAT THIS MUST BE DONE QUICKLY.

THE ASSEMBLY COMPLETED ITS ORGANIZATION WORK BY ELECTING CHAIRMEN OF ITS SEVEN MAIN COMMITTEES AND 13 VICE-PRESIDENTS. WITH THE ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT THEY CONSTITUTE THE ASSEMBLY'S STEERING COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN: MAIN POLITICAL, AMBASSADOR MARIO AMADEO OF ARGENTINA; SPECIAL POLITICAL, AMBASSADOR YORDAN TCHOBANOV OF BULGARIA; SOCIAL, AMBASSADOR SALVADOR P. LOPEZ OF THE PHILIPPINES; ECONOMIC, AMBASSADOR BLASCO LANZA D'AJETA OF ITALY; TRUSTEESHIP, MISS ANGIE BROOKS OF LIBERIA; LEGAL, AMBASSADOR CESAR QUINTERO OF PANAMA; BUDGETARY, AMBASSADOR HERMOD LANNUNG OF DENMARK.

THESE VICE PRESIDENTS WERE CHOSEN BY COUNTRIES ON A GEOGRAPHICAL BASIS:

ASIA AND AFRICA--NIGER, CYPRUS, GHANA.

EASTERN EUROPE--CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

LATIN AMERICA--COSTA RICA AND MEXICO.

WESTERN EUROPE--GREECE AND THE NETHERLANDS.

ELECTED ALSO AS VICE-PRESIDENTS WERE THE FIVE PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL: THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, SOVIET UNION AND NATIONALIST CHINA.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE TONIGHT SLIM DECLARED IT WAS THE DUTY OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO PROVIDE FOR A SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD "IN CONFORMITY WITH THE U.N. CHARTER."

ASKED IF HE WOULD CONSIDER TAKING THE POST OF AN INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL AT A LATER DATE, SLIM SAID HE KNEW OF NO FORMAL PROPOSAL OF THAT NATURE "SUBMITTED IN WRITING."

AS PRESIDENT, HE ADDED, HE WAS IN THE HANDS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND THE QUESTION WAS ONE FOR THE ASSEMBLY TO DECIDE.

IN BRIEF REMARKS BEFORE ANSWERING QUESTIONS, SLIM EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE ASSEMBLY MIGHT FIND A SOLUTION TO THE BERLIN QUESTION "WHICH AT LEAST WILL LEAD TO A RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS AND MORE WIDESPREAD AGREEMENT."

BUT IN ELABORATING UNDER QUESTIONING, SLIM NOTED THAT THE BERLIN ISSUE WAS NOT YET ON THE ASSEMBLY AGENDA, AND HE EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE "CONTACTS THAT HAVE BEEN MADE" WILL FACILITATE AN END TO THE CRISIS.

THIS WAS AN APPARENT REFERENCE TO THE TALKS TO TAKE PLACE HERE BETWEEN U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO.

A159

FV906PED

1961  
SLIM (450)  
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 20 (AP)--THE NEW PRESIDENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IS A MODERATE NORTH AFRICAN WHO IS WIDELY RECOGNIZED AS A STRONG PROP OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

AMBASSADOR MONGI SLIM, ELECTED TODAY TO PRESIDE OVER THE ASSEMBLY'S 16TH ANNUAL SESSION, WON THAT RECOGNITION IN 4 1/2 YEARS AS TUNISIA'S PERMANENT U.N. REPRESENTATIVE.

HE CAME TO HEAD TUNISIA'S U.N. DELEGATION IN NOVEMBER 1956 WHEN THAT COUNTRY WAS VOTED INTO THE UNITED NATIONS. TWO MONTHS LATER HE WAS NAMED TO THE ASSEMBLY'S FIVE-MEMBER COMMITTEE ON HUNGARY.

HE TOURED EUROPE WITH THE OTHER COMMITTEEMEN INTERVIEWING HUNGARIAN REFUGEES FROM THE SOVIET SUPPRESSION AND HELPED WRITE TWO REPORTS ON THE HUNGARIAN SITUATION, IN 1957 AND 1958.

THROUGH THE YEARS, HE OFTEN LED OFF ASSEMBLY DEBATE ON THE NATIONALIST-FRENCH WAR IN ALGERIA, NEXT DOOR TO TUNISIA.

IN 1959 AND 1960, HE WAS ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL.

IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HE WAS A LEADING STRATEGIST IN MOVES AIMED AT HELPING THE UNITED NATIONS BRING CALM



TO THE CONGO.

TUNISIA VERY EARLY SENT TROOPS TO THE U.N. FORCE THERE--AND ONLY PULLED THEM OUT LAST JULY WHEN SHE GOT INTO THE BATTLE OF BIZERTE WITH FRANCE.

SLIM, AMBASSADOR TO WASHINGTON AND OTTAWA WHILE SERVING AS U.N. REPRESENTATIVE, WENT HOME LAST APRIL AMID REPORTS THAT HE WOULD BECOME FOREIGN MINISTER.

BUT WHEN PRESIDENT HABIB BOURGUIBA'S PRESSURE ON FRANCE'S BIZERTE BASE PROVOKED THE FRENCH TO TAKE OVER MOST OF BIZERTE CITY, SLIM CAME BACK TO FIGHT TUNISIA'S COMPLAINT THROUGH THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND A SUBSEQUENT SPECIAL SESSION OF THE ASSEMBLY.

SLIM IS A SHORT, ROUND BACHELOR WITH A LARGE FACE, AND A NEAT MUSTACHE. HE IS SLOW AND GENTLE IN SPEECH.

HIS FRENCH IS PRECISE, HIS ENGLISH PRECARIOUS. HE DRINKS LOTS OF COFFEE AND TAKES HIS OWN ELECTRIC ESPRESSO MACHINE ALONG ON TRIPS. HE IS KNOWN AS A GOOD COOK.

DIPLOMATS RESPECT HIM AS A MODERATE SPEAKER, A DISCREET LISTENER AND AN ABLE NEGOTIATOR. REPORTERS ALSO RESPECT HIM BUT SELDOM GET ANY NEWS FROM HIM UNLESS THEY KNOW HIM VERY WELL. HIS FAVORITE RESPONSE IS, "I HAVE NO INFORMATION."

HE TURNED 53 ONLY LAST FRIDAY. HE WAS BORN IN TUNIS, GRANDSON OF ONE OF THE LAST MINISTERS OF WAR TO SERVE BEFORE TUNISIA BECAME A FRENCH PROTECTORATE IN 1881.

HE TOOK A LAW DEGREE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF PARIS, JOINED THE NEODESTOUR (NATIONALIST) PARTY OF TUNISIA, BECAME ITS POLITICAL STRATEGIST AND FROM 1938 TO 1943 SERVED TIME IN FRENCH JAILS.

HE WAS HELD AGAIN FROM 1952 TO 1954. THEN HE HEADED A DELEGATION TO PARIS FOR THE 1954-55 TALKS THAT LED TO TUNISIAN AUTONOMY.

HE WAS MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR FROM JUNE, 1955, TO APRIL, 1956, AND WAS IN ON THE NEGOTIATIONS THAT LED TO TUNISIAN INDEPENDENCE IN MARCH, 1956. HE WAS SENT TO WASHINGTON AS AMBASSADOR THE FOLLOWING SEPTEMBER.

ED1232PED

A82

(110)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 20 (AP)--SOUTH AFRICAN FOREIGN MINISTER ERIC H. LOUW TODAY EXPRESSED SHOCK OVER A REMARK MADE BY MONGI SLIM, NEWLY ELECTED U.N. ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT, ON RACE PROBLEMS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

HE ACCUSED SLIM OF BIAS AND DECLARED "THE SOUTH AFRICAN DELEGATION CAN HAVE NO CONFIDENCE IN HIS IMPARTIALITY WHILE HE OCCUPIES THE PRESIDENTIAL CHAIR OF THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY."

LOUW'S COMMENT WAS MADE IN A STATEMENT TO THE PRESS. HE REFERRED TO THIS PASSAGE IN A SPEECH BY SLIM TO THE ASSEMBLY IMMEDIATELY AFTER HIS ELECTION AS PRESIDENT:

"PEACE CONTINUES TO BE SERIOUSLY THREATENED AS LONG AS THE HIDEOUS SPECTRE OF RACISM IS NOT FOREVER BANISHED. THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH AFRICA MUST REGAIN THEIR FULL RIGHTS AND DIGNITY IN THEIR OWN COUNTRY."

FV631PED

A96

HAMMARSKJOLD (340)

BY SAUL PETT

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 20 (AP)--U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON PROPOSED TODAY THAT DAG HAMMARSKJOLD BE BURIED ON THE SITE OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN NEW YORK, "HERE BY THE RIVER AT THE HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE ORGANIZATION TO WHICH HE GAVE HIS LIFE." HAMMARSKJOLD'S RELATIVES HAVE DECIDED ON BURIAL IN THE FAMILY PLOT AT UPPSALA, SWEDEN, AFTER A STATE FUNERAL.

STEVENSON'S DRAMATIC IDEA CAPPED AN AFTERNOON OF MOVING EULOGIES AS DELEGATES ONE BY ONE STRODE UP TO THE GREEN-CARPETED Dais OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO PRAISE THE SECRETARY-GENERAL WHO WAS KILLED

MONDAY IN A PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA.

ONLY RUSSIA APPEARED TO QUALIFY ITS PRAISE IN THE PARADE OF EULOGIES FOR HAMMARSKJOLD.

VALERIAN ZORIN OF THE SOVIET UNION POINTED OUT THAT HIS COUNTRY HAD OPPOSED THE SECRETARY GENERAL ON "POLITICAL" GROUNDS BUT NONETHELESS TOOK "THE HUMANITARIAN VIEW" AND OFFERED ITS CONDOLENCES.

STEVENSON SAID BURIAL AND A SUITABLE MEMORIAL ON ITS OWN GROUNDS WOULD BE THE "MOST FITTING TRIBUTE THE UNITED NATIONS COULD PAY TO A MAN WHO GAVE HIS LIFE THAT REASON MIGHT PREVAIL OVER FORCE."

STEVENSON PRAISED HAMMARSKJOLD AS A MAN WHO WAS "RESOLUTELY IMPARTIAL AND RESOLUTELY FIRM . . . WHO NEVER WAVERED UNDER

IRRESPONSIBLE INVECTIVE."

"HIS SKILL AS A DIPLOMAT WAS ADMIRABLE IN EVERY CHANCELLERY OF THE WORLD," STEVENSON ADDED. "IT WAS ATTESTED TO MANY TIMES WHEN LEADERS WHO COULD NOT BRING THEMSELVES TO CONFIDE IN EACH OTHER WERE GLAD TO CONFIDE IN HIM."

IN OTHER EULOGIES, V.K. KRISHNA MENON OF INDIA INDICATED HIS GOVERNMENT WAS NOT CONVINCED HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH WAS ACCIDENTAL.

"IF IT WAS AN ACCIDENT," HE SAID, "IT WAS AN INTERNATIONAL TRAGEDY. IF IT WAS ANYTHING ELSE, IT WAS A GREAT INTERNATIONAL CRIME."

DAG HAMMARSKJOLD SAID GERVAIS BAHAIZI OF THE CONGO, "FELL AS A MARTYR TO PEACE. HE WILL REMAIN IN OUR HEARTS AS THE BEST FRIEND OF THE CONGO."

JAJA WACHUKU OF NIGERIA, WHO WORE A LONG BLUE AND WHITE ROBE, SAID THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S DEATH WAS A "SACRIFICE TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND STABILITY IN AFRICA. THE DELEGATE PLEADED, TOO, THAT ALL THE GREAT POWERS MUST ALWAYS REMEMBER AFRICA IN ALL THEIR MOVES AND PLANS.

"THINK OF SERVICE POLITICS," HE SAID, "NOT POWER POLITICS." "DON'T DRAG US INTO POWER POLITICS. WE ARE NOT STRONG ENOUGH TO BE DRAGGED INTO POWER POLITICS."

DR. LUIS PADILLA NERVO OF MEXICO APPEARED TO CAPSULIZE THE FEELING OF MOST DELEGATES WHEN HE SAID, "IN ALL CORNERS OF THE WORLD, ALL SPIRITS STRIVING FOR PEACE ARE NOW IN MOURNING."

FV/JB725PED

OSLO, NORWAY, SEPT. 20 (AP)--TRYGVE LIE SAYS HE TOLD DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WHEN HE SUCCEEDED HIM AS U. N. SECRETARY-GENERAL THAT HE WAS FACING THE MOST DIFFICULT TASK ANY MAN WAS EVER ASKED TO SHOULDER.

AND THE CRITICISM THAT FELL UPON HAMMARSKJOLD FROM BOTH EAST AND WEST IN RECENT YEARS "SHOWED I WAS RIGHT," THE U. N.'S FIRST SECRETARY-GENERAL SAID IN AN INTERVIEW BROADCAST BY THE STATE RADIO YESTERDAY.

"BEING AN INDEPENDENT AND DETERMINED PERSON AS DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WAS," LIE DECLARED, "HE WAS CERTAIN TO RECEIVE STRONG CRITICISM FROM BOTH GREAT NATIONS AND SMALL COUNTRIES IN HIS DIFFICULT JOB."



"THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION PROVIDED PLENTY OF CHANCES FOR HAMMARSKJOLD TO STICK HIS NECK OUT FOR THE THINGS HE BELIEVED IN.

"THE UNITED STATES ATTACKED HIM FOR HIS ATTITUDE IN THE GUATEMALA QUESTION, THE FRENCH AND BRITISH FOR HIS INTERVENTION DURING THE SUEZ CRISIS, THE BELGIANS AND RUSSIANS BECAUSE OF HIS FIRM VIEWS ON THE CONGO ISSUE."

IT WAS LIE'S FIRST COMMENT ON THE DEATH OF THE ONLY OTHER MAN TO HOLD THE WORLD ORGANIZATION POSITION.

BOTH LIE AND HAMMARSKJOLD HAD THE SAME DIFFICULTIES WITH THE SOVIET UNION. THE SOVIET UNION REFUSED TO RECOGNIZE LIE, THE U. N.'S FIRST SECRETARY-GENERAL, IN HIS LATTER DAYS IN OFFICE AND HE RESIGNED IN THE FALL OF 1952.

THE RUSSIANS ALSO REFUSED TO RECOGNIZE HAMMARSKJOLD IN HIS LAST MONTHS AND DEMANDED HE BE REPLACED BY A THREE-MAN SECRETARIAT OF A COMMUNIST, A WESTERNER AND A NEUTRAL, EACH WITH A VETO.

IN THE INTERVIEW, LIE DECLARED THE SOVIET PLAN WOULD COMPLETELY CHANGE THE STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS, REDUCING IT TO "AN INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC OPINION."

BN908AED

B1 (Q)

--ALL POINTS-- (260)

OSLO, NORWAY, SEPT. 20 (AP)--WILL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S POSTHUMOUS HONORS INCLUDE A NOBEL PEACE PRIZE?

THIS QUESTION, PUT TO NORwegians WHO MIGHT KNOW, WENT UNANSWERED TODAY. THE NOBEL COMMITTEE OF NORWAY'S PARLIAMENT, WHICH AWARDS THE PEACE PRIZES, FOLLOWED TRADITIONAL POLICY AND KEPT MUM.

THERE WAS TALK FOR A WHILE LAST YEAR THAT THE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL WAS IN LINE FOR RECOGNITION.

THIS TALK COLLAPSED IN THE INTERNATIONAL FUROR CREATED BY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S ATTACK ON BOTH HAMMARSKJOLD AND THE CONCEPT OF A ONE-MAN SECRETARY-GENERALATE IN NEW YORK LAST SEPT. 23.

THE NORWEGIAN PARLIAMENTARIANS NEVER SAID WHETHER HAMMARSKJOLD ACTUALLY WAS AMONG THE CANDIDATES UNDER CONSIDERATION.

THEY DECIDED TO AWARD NO PRIZE FOR 1960.

THAT WAS THE 17TH SUCH OMISSION SINCE THE NOBEL PRIZES--ALSO COVERING PHYSICS, CHEMISTRY, MEDICINE AND LITERATURE--WERE LAUNCHED IN 1901 FROM A FUND ESTABLISHED BY ALFRED NOBEL, THE SWEDISH INVENTOR OF DYNAMITE. AS USUAL, THERE WAS NO EXPLANATION.

NOBEL'S WILL PROVIDED THAT THE PEACE PRIZE, WHICH NOW

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CARRIES A CASH AWARD OF MORE THAN \$40,000, WAS TO GO TO "ONE WHO HAS DONE MOST OR BEST FURTHERED THE BROTHERHOOD BETWEEN PEOPLES OR DONE THE MOST TO ABOLISH OR REDUCE THE STANDING ARMIES, OR FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND EXTENSION OF PEACE CONGRESSES."

NINE AMERICANS HAVE BEEN SO HONORED. THE FIRST WAS THEODORE ROOSEVELT (1906) AND THE LAST WAS GEN. GEORGE C. MARSHALL (1953). DR. RALPH J. BUNCHE, AMERICAN U.N. UNDERSECRETARY WHO HELPED TO QUIET THE HOLY LAND AFTER THE PALESTINE WAR OF 1948, RECEIVED THE 1950 PEACE PRIZE.

THE 1954 PRIZE WENT TO THE OFFICE OF THE U.N. COMMISSIONER OF REFUGEES.  
KS449PED

A119

NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, SEPT. 20 (AP)--HARRY JULIEN, THE INJURED LONE SURVIVOR OF THE HAMMARSKJOLD PLANE CRASH, WILL BE IN THE HOSPITAL HERE FOR THREE MONTHS, A SENIOR HOSPITAL SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

"IT WILL BE AT LEAST TEN DAYS TO A FORTNIGHT BEFORE HE IS OUT OF DANGER," THE SPOKESMAN SAID, DESCRIBING JULIEN'S ESCAPE FROM DEATH AS "IRACULOUS."

THE AMERICAN U.N. SECURITY GUARD HAD SEVERE BURNS AND MULTIPLE INJURIES.

FV832PED

A127WX

(230) RUSK-U.N.

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)--SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK WAS REPORTED RELATIVELY OPTIMISTIC TODAY OF WINNING STRONG NEUTRAL COUNTRY SUPPORT IN U.S. EFFORTS TO INSTALL ANOTHER "EFFECTIVE" SECRETARY-GENERAL IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., SAID AFTER RUSK BRIEFED THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE HE THOUGHT IT "FAIR TO SAY THERE IS A DEGREE OF OPTIMISM."

HUMPHREY SAID RUSK APPEARED TO FEEL THAT THE SMALLER COUNTRIES, INCLUDING NEUTRALS WHO DID NOT ATTEND THE BELGRADE CONFERENCE, REALIZE THAT THEY HAVE MORE AT STAKE IN THE U.N.'S SURVIVAL THAN THE BIGGER POWERS AND LIKELY WOULD OPPOSE SOVIET RUSSIA'S INSISTENCE ON A THREE-HEADED SECRETARIAT, OR TROIKA.

HUMPHREY, ASSISTANT SENATE MAJORITY LEADER, SAID THE U.S. DELEGATION WILL WORK FOR SOME KIND OF A PROVISIONAL REPLACEMENT FOR SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, WHO WAS KILLED IN AN AIR CRASH IN THE CONGO, AND WILL EXPLORE ALL POSSIBILITIES OF THROWING THE ELECTION OF A SUCCESSOR INTO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WHERE RUSSIA DOES NOT HAVE A VETO.

"THE SMALLER NATIONS HAVE A GREAT STAKE IN KEEPING THE U.N. A FUNCTIONING ORGANIZATION," THE SENATOR ADDED.

SEN. JOHN SPARKMAN, D-ALA., SAID MOST OF THE 75-MINUTE SESSION WAS DEVOTED TO A BRIEFING BY RUSK ON THE BERLIN CRISIS.

"HE CERTAINLY REALIZES HE'S GOT A TERRIFIC JOB AHEAD OF HIM," SPARKMAN ADDED TO NEWSMEN.

HUMPHREY SAID RUSK INDICATED THE UNITED STATES IS "PROBING DEEPLY" ON THE PROSPECTS FOR NEGOTIATIONS OVER BERLIN AND HELD OUT THE POSSIBILITY OF ACTION IN THIS FIELD.

SEN. STUART SYMINGTON, D-MO., SAID HE DID NOT FIND THE PICTURE DRAWN BY RUSK "VERY OPTIMISTIC."

RUSK CONFERRED WITH U.S. MISSION MEMBERS THIS MORNING AND THEN LEFT FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA STATION AT 10:30 A.M. TO CATCH A TRAIN FOR WASHINGTON. HE PLANNED TO RETURN FROM WASHINGTON IN AN OVERNIGHT SLEEPER IN TIME FOR HIS LUNCHEON APPOINTMENT WITH GROMYKO.

EB1116AED



A13

PMS BUDGET  
U.N. INTERPRETIVE (600)  
BY WILLIAM L. RYAN  
ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS ANALYST

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 20 (AP)—THE SOVIET UNION HAS THROWN DOWN WHAT APPEARED TO BE A QUICK CHALLENGE TO THE UNITED NATIONS TO CHANGE ITS BASIC STRUCTURE. BUT ON CLOSE INSPECTION, THE KREMLIN'S MOVE SEEMS A CAUTIOUS ONE.

THAT IS THE WATCHWORD AT THE U.N. AS ITS ASSEMBLY OPENS ITS 16TH REGULAR SESSION IN A STRANGE BROODING ATMOSPHERE PRODUCED BY THE DEATH OF SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE DELEGATIONS SEEM CAREFULLY MEASURING ONE ANOTHER, ALMOST LIKE GAMBLERS TRYING TO GAUGE THE ODDS ON SUCCESS OR DISASTER.

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO ANNOUNCED THE KREMLIN'S

INSISTENCE THAT THERE BE A THREE-MAN SECRETARIAT TO SUCCEED HAMMARSKJOLD. WITH A BUILT-IN VETO, THAT WOULD MEAN PARALYSIS FOR THE U.N.'S ABILITY TO PUT OUT DANGEROUS FIRES.

BUT GROMYKO ADDED THAT IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE TO CHANGE THE CHARTER TO SET UP SUCH A STRUCTURE UNTIL RED CHINA WAS ADMITTED TO MEMBERSHIP. THAT SEEMS UNLIKELY IN THIS SESSION, AT ANY RATE. AND IT GIVES THE SOVIET UNION AN OUT--SHOULD IT FEEL IT NEEDS ONE. IF PRESSING ITS DEMAND SHOULD BECOME TOO DANGEROUS, POLITICALLY OR OTHERWISE, THE KREMLIN HAS A READY MADE AVENUE OF RETREAT.

GROMYKO'S STATEMENT AT THE SAME TIME, HOWEVER, DID LITTLE TO RELIEVE THE TENSION IN THE U.N. HALLS. ONE CAN ALMOST SEE IT GENERATING. IT CAN BURST SUDDENLY INTO OMINOUS CRISIS.

ALL EYES ARE ON THE DELEGATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE U.S.S.R., THE TWO GREAT ANTAGONISTS IN A DANGEROUS COLD WAR WHICH COULD BECOME A HOT ONE AT ANY MOMENT'S NOTICE.

THE U.S. DELEGATION GIVES THE IMPRESSION ITS CUE FOR THE TIME BEING IS WATCHFUL WAITING AND LISTENING. THERE IS NO INCLINATION TO TIP WASHINGTON'S HAND IN ADVANCE, TO TELEGRAPH ANY PUNCH THE UNITED STATES MAY BE INTENDING TO THROW IN THE GREAT DIPLOMATIC STRUGGLE NOW SHAPING UP.

THERE IS LIVELY SPECULATION IN THE CORRIDORS ABOUT WHAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT DO IN THE LIGHT OF THE KREMLIN'S INTENTION TO GO AHEAD WITH ITS DEMAND FOR A THREE-HEADED SECRETARIAT MADE UP OF A COMMUNIST, A WESTERNER AND A NEUTRAL.

WIDELY DISCUSSED IS THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE UNITED STATES INTENDS A COUNTER-OFFENSIVE INVOLVING A DEMAND THAT THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD STAND UP AND BE COUNTED FOR OR AGAINST AN EFFECTIVE PEACE ORGANIZATION.

THE SPECULATION GOES THIS WAY: THERE ARE INDICATIONS OF RISING FEELING IN THE UNITED STATES THAT NOW IS THE TIME TO ASSERT THAT THERE ARE SUCH THINGS AT STAKE AS VITAL NATIONAL INTERESTS, NATIONAL SECURITY AND CONCERN FOR THE FUTURE OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL SYSTEMS.

THERE IS A NOTE OF GROWING IMPATIENCE WITH THE NOTION PROPOUNDED BY PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV THAT "WHAT'S MINE IS MINE--WHAT'S YOURS WE'LL NEGOTIATE ABOUT."

HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH DURING HIS PEACE MISSION TO THE CONGO BROUGHT HOME WITH SHOCKING CLARITY THE PROSPECT FACING THE U.N. IF THE SOVIET UNION HAS ITS WAY, THE 99-NATION BODY WILL SUFFER THE FATE OF ITS PREDECESSOR, THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS, WHICH WAS POWERLESS TO PREVENT HISTORY'S MOST CATASTROPHIC WAR.

PALPABLY THE KREMLIN IS USING TERROR TACTICS TO TRY TO FRIGHTEN THE WORLD INTO RESIGNED ACQUIESCENCE TO ITS DEMANDS.

A FIRM U.S. STAND BEHIND THE U.N. AS THE LAST HOPE OF PEACE, SO THE SPECULATION GOES, COULD GENERATE PRESSURE FROM WEAKER COUNTRIES ON THE KREMLIN. AND, IMPLICIT IN THE APPROACH WOULD BE A U.S. THREAT TO PULL OUT OF THE U.N. IF THE KREMLIN SHOULD SUCCEED IN EXTRACTING THE SECRETARIAT'S TEETH.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SO-CALLED NEUTRAL NATIONS HERE COMPLAIN,

HOWEVER, THAT IT WAS THE UNITED STATES AND ITS POLICIES IN THE PAST WHICH PLACED THEM IN THEIR PRESENT POSITION IN MANY INSTANCES. THEY COMPLAIN ABOUT A LACK OF A STRAIGHT-LINE AMERICAN POLICY WHICH STATES CLEARLY WHERE THE UNITED STATES STANDS AND AVOIDS DEVIATING FROM THAT LINE.

NEUTRALISM, NOT LONG AGO, WAS PICTURED BY THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT AS "IMMORAL" IN TODAY'S WORLD, THEY COMPLAIN. LATER, THAT SEEMED TO THEM TO HAVE BEEN REVERSED, AND THE IMPRESSION WAS THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE HIGHLY TOLERANT OF NEUTRALISM.

ONCE AGAIN, THEY SAY, THAT SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN REVERSED IN THE LIGHT OF U.S. DISAPPOINTMENT WITH THE BELGRADE CONFERENCE OF NON-ALIGNED STATES RECENTLY.

THE UNCOMMITTED NATIONS, AND MANY OTHERS AMONG THE 99 REPRESENTED HERE, NOW SEEM TO BE WAITING FOR A FIRM EXPRESSION OF U.S. POLICY, AND TO BE WONDERING WHETHER THE UNITED STATES WILL SPELL OUT WHAT IT EXPECTS OF THOSE WHO WANT TO BE COUNTED AMONG ITS FRIENDS.

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A46UN (BJT)

AMS BUDGET (540)

NIGHT LEAD DISARMAMENT

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 20 (AP)—THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA REPORTED TO THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY THEIR COMPLETE FAILURE TO AGREE, DURING THREE MONTHS OF DISCUSSION ON SOME MEANS OF RESTARTING FULL-SCALE EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS.

OFFSETTING THIS NEW BLOW TO THE WORLD'S HOPES FOR AN END TO THE NUCLEAR ARMS RACE, HOWEVER, THE TWO POWERS ALSO ADVISED THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THEY WERE ABLE TO AGREE ON AN EIGHT-POINT STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES TO GUIDE ANY FUTURE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

THE PRINCIPLES CALL FOR ABOLITION OF ALL WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND DISBANDING OF ARMED FORCES -- THE STEPS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN STAGES UNDER "STRICT AND EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL."

THE OBJECTIVE OF NEGOTIATIONS, THE STATEMENT DECLARED, WOULD BE TO BRING ABOUT "GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT." THAT GOAL WAS FIRST STATED BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IN A SPEECH TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN SEPTEMBER 1959. AT THE TIME IT WAS ATTACKED BY U.S. OFFICIALS AS A PIE-IN-THE-SKY CONCEPT OF DISARMAMENT PUT FORTH FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES.

IN NOVEMBER, 1959, THE UNITED STATES WENT ALONG WITH A U.N. RESOLUTION CALLING FOR "GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT." TODAY'S STATEMENT PUT THE U.S. FIRMLY ON RECORD AS ACCEPTING THIS CONCEPT OF ULTIMATE OBJECTIVE. BUT THE STATEMENT ALSO INCLUDED CONDITIONS FOR DISARMAMENT WHICH THE UNITED STATES HAS ADVOCATED.

AMONG THESE CONDITIONS IT PLACED HEAVY STRESS ON A NEED FOR INSPECTION AND ENFORCEMENT MACHINERY UNDER AN INTERNATIONAL DISARMAMENT ORGANIZATION (CAPS).

IT ALSO CALLED FOR BUILDING UP A U.N. MILITARY FORCE, DESCRIBED AS AN "INTERNATIONAL PEACE FORCE" AS PROVIDED IN THE U.N. CHARTER. THE UNITED STATES HAS BACKED CREATION OF A STRONG U.N. MILITARY FORCE IN FORMER YEARS. RUSSIA HAS ADVOCATED THIS IDEA ON OCCASION, BUT HAS REFUSED TO COOPERATE IN PRACTICAL STEPS.

THE BREAKDOWN OF EFFORTS TO ORGANIZE A NEW DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE CAME OVER THE ISSUE OF WHAT NATIONS SHOULD TAKE PART. RUSSIA INSISTED FROM THE START OF U.S.-SOVIET TALKS LAST JUNE 19 IN WASHINGTON THAT THE MAKE-UP OF THE CONFERENCE SHOULD BE BASED ON ITS "TROIKA" PROPOSAL--THE SAME ISSUE WHICH HAS NOW DEADLOCKED SELECTION OF A SUCCESSOR TO THE LATE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

IN THE UNITED NATIONS KHRUSHCHEV PROPOSED LAST FALL THAT HAMMARSKJOLD BE REPLACED BY THREE MEN -- WESTERN, COMMUNIST, AND NEUTRAL. IN THE U.S.-SOVIET DISARMAMENT TALKS RUSSIA PROPOSED THAT THE PROJECTED CONFERENCE BE COMPOSED OF THREE NUMERICALLY EQUAL GROUPS OF NATIONS--WESTERN, COMMUNIST AND NEUTRAL. THE UNITED STATES OFFERED FOUR ALTERNATIVE PROPOSALS. BUT THE SOVIETS NEVER BUDGED FROM THEIR "TROIKA"



PLAN.

THE DISARMAMENT TALKS, REQUESTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY LAST MARCH, WERE CONDUCTED BY JOHN J. MCCLOY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S TOP ADVISER ON DISARMAMENT POLICY, AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN. OVER A THREE MONTHS PERIOD THEY HELD THREE SERIES OF MEETINGS IN WASHINGTON IN JUNE, MOSCOW IN JULY, AND NEW YORK IN SEPTEMBER. EARLIER DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS HAD BROKEN DOWN AT GENEVA IN JUNE, 1960, FOLLOWING THE COLLAPSE OF THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING AT PARIS A FEW WEEKS PREVIOUSLY. THAT WAS A TIME OF WORSENING U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS IN THE AFTERMATH OF THE U2 SPY PLANE INCIDENT. WHEN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY CALLED ON RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES LAST SPRING TO EXCHANGE VIEWS ON DISARMAMENT QUESTIONS, THE INTERNATIONAL ATMOSPHERE HAD TURNED HOPEFUL ON EVIDENCE THAT KHRUSHCHEV WAS ACTIVELY SEEKING GOOD RELATIONS WITH THE NEW KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION IN WASHINGTON. BY THE TIME THE MCCLOY-ZORIN TALKS ACTUALLY STARTED, HOWEVER, STORM SIGNALS WERE FLYING AGAIN BECAUSE OF THE BUILDUP OF THE BERLIN CRISIS.

THE FINAL FAILURE OF THE MCCLOY-ZORIN DISCUSSIONS TO AGREE ON A NEW CONFERENCE NOW COMES ON TOP OF THE BERLIN CRISIS, RUSSIA'S RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING IN THE ATMOSPHERE, SPREADING FEARS OF NUCLEAR WAR, THE COLLAPSE OF U.S.-BRITISH-SOVIET NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS AT GENEVA, AND THE U.N. CRISIS FOLLOWING HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH IN A PLANE CRASH.

U.S. OFFICIALS WERE REPRESENTED AS ATTACHING GREAT IMPORTANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES AGREED TO BY RUSSIA AND NOW SUBJECT TO CONSIDERATION BY THE ENTIRE U.N. ASSEMBLY. IN THEIR VIEW IT REMOVED ONE BARRIE TO STARTING UP NEGOTIATIONS AGAIN. BUT THEY CONCEDED THIS COULD HAVE NO PRACTICAL RESULT SO LONG AS RUSSIA INSISTS ON ORGANIZING THE CONFERENCE ON THE "TROIKA" PRINCIPLE.

U.S.-SOVIET STATEMENT COVERED THESE MAJOR POINTS OF AGREEMENTS:

1. THE AIM OF NEGOTIATIONS WOULD BE DEVELOPMENT OF A PROGRAM FOR DISARMAMENT WHICH IS "GENERAL AND COMPLETE" AND ACCOMPANIED BY "RELIABLE PROCEDURES" FOR SETTLING DISPUTES PEACEFULLY AND FOR MAINTAINING PEACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.
2. DISARMED COUNTRIES WOULD RETAIN ONLY THE NON-NUCLEAR ARMAMENTS AND FORCES NECESSARY FOR INTERNAL ORDER AND SECURITY--IN A WORD, POLICE FORCES.
3. ALL REGULAR ARMED FORCES AND BASES WOULD BE DISBANDED; STOCKPILES OF NUCLEAR AND OTHER MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS WILL BE ELIMINATED; MEANS OF DELIVERY (ROCKETS ETC) OF SUCH WEAPONS WILL BE ELIMINATED; MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS WILL BE ABOLISHED AND MILITARY EXPENDITURES DISCONTINUED.
4. DISARMAMENT WOULD BE CARRIED OUT BY STAGES IN SPECIFIED TIME LIMITS WITH EACH STAGE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION UNDER PROCEDURES IN OPERATION WHEN THE STAGE STARTED.
5. AT EACH STEP DISARMAMENT WOULD BE "BALANCED" SO NO NATION OR GROUP OF NATIONS COULD "GAIN MILITARY ADVANTAGE."
6. PROVISION WOULD BE MADE FOR "SUCH STRICT AND EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL AS WOULD PROVIDE FIRM ASSURANCE THAT ALL PARTIES ARE HONORING THEIR OBLIGATIONS."
7. PROGRESS IN DISARMING "SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY MEASURES TO STRENGTHEN INSTITUTIONS FOR MAINTAINING PEACE AND THE SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES BY PEACEFUL MEANS" INCLUDING FORMATION OF AN "INTERNATIONAL PEACE FORCE" UNDER THE U.N.
8. NATIONS PARTICIPATING IN DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS SHOULD "SEEK TO ACHIEVE AND IMPLEMENT THE WIDEST POSSIBLE AGREEMENT AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE DATE."

FV552PED

WITH DISARMAMENT (220)

NEW YORK, SEPT. 20 (AP)--THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA SAID TODAY THEY HAD AGREED ON THE FOLLOWING EIGHT-POINT STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES WHICH COULD GUIDE ANY DISARMAMENT TALKS:

1. THE GOAL OF NEGOTIATIONS IS TO ACHIEVE AGREEMENT ON A PROGRAM WHICH WILL ENSURE THAT DISARMAMENT IS GENERAL AND COMPLETE

30.24-1723

AND WAR IS NO LONGER AN INSTRUMENT FOR SETTLING INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

2. THE PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT SHALL ENSURE THAT STATES WILL HAVE AT THEIR DISPOSAL ONLY THOSE NON-NUCLEAR ARMAMENTS AS ARE AGREED TO BE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN INTERNAL ORDER.

3. THE PROGRAM SHALL CONTAIN THE NECESSARY PROVISIONS FOR DISBANDED OF ARMED FORCES.

4. THE DISARMAMENT PROGRAM SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED IN AN AGREED SEQUENCE, BY STAGES UNTIL IT IS COMPLETED.

5. ALL MEASURES OF GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT SHOULD BE BALANCED SO THAT...SECURITY IS ENSURED EQUALLY FOR ALL.

6. ALL DISARMAMENT MEASURES SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED FROM BEGINNING TO END UNDER SUCH STRICK AND EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL AS WOULD PROVIDE FIRM ASSURANCE THAT ALL PARTIES ARE HONORING THEIR OBLIGATIONS.

7. PROGRESS IN DISARMAMENT SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY MEASURES TO STRENGTHEN INSTITUTIONS FOR MAINTAINING PEACE AND THE SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES BY PEACEFUL MEANS.

8. STATES PARTICIPATING IN THE NEGOTIATIONS SHOULD SEEK TO ACHIEVE AND IMPLEMENT THE WIDEST POSSIBLE AGREEMENT AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE DATE.

KS402PED

A118

NIGHT LEAD (100)

NEW YORK, SEPT. 20 (AP)--MAJ. GEN. J. B. MEDARIS, (RET.) DECLARED TODAY "TOTAL DISARMAMENT IS THE SIREN SONG OF THE DEVIL ON THE MOUNTAIN TOP."

THE FORMER COMMANDER OF THE ARMY MISSILE BASE AT HUNTSVILLE, ALA., WARNED THAT THE ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENT OF TOTAL DISARMAMENT "WOULD MAKE ALL MANKIND SUBJECT TO THE WHIMS AND FANCIES OF THOSE WHO MIGHT COMMAND THE GREATEST NUMBER OF SAVAGE LITTLE MEN WITH STONES AND CLUBS."

SUCH A THEORY, HE SAID, MUST GIVE WAY TO REALITY, "WITH THE SURVIVAL OF OUR OWN FREEDOM AS THE SINGLE OVERRIDING CONSIDERATION."

MEDARIS ADDRESSED A LUNCHEON SPONSORED BY THE NEW YORK SECTION OF THE AMERICAN ROCKET SOCIETY.

FV831PED

A29

AMS BUDGET (550)

NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV-POPE

BY GEORGE SYVERTSEN

MOSCOW, SEPT. 20 (AP)--SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV SAID TODAY POPE JOHN XXIII'S RECENT APPEAL FOR NEGOTIATIONS TO SETTLE EAST-WEST TENSIONS WAS A GOOD SIGN. HE ASKED THAT ROMAN CATHOLIC LEADERS LIKE PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND CHANCELLOR ADENAUER HEED THE POPE'S "SOLENN WARNING."

"AS A COMMUNIST AND AN ATHEIST I DO NOT BELIEVE IN 'THE LORD'S WILL,'" KHRUSHCHEV SAID.

BUT HE WELCOMED THE POPE'S SPECIAL APPEAL AND MASS FOR PEACE ON SEPT. 10 AND DECLARED HE WOULD DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO AVOID WAR. KHRUSHCHEV'S STATEMENT WAS A RARE IF NOT UNPRECEDENTED REPLY TO A POPE OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

IT WAS MADE TO CORRESPONDENTS OF THE PARTY ORGAN PRAVDA AND THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA WHO INTERVIEWED HIM ABOUT THE POPE'S PLEA.

THE POPE HAD URGED "THE RULERS OF NATIONS TO FACE SQUARELY THE TREMENDOUS RESPONSIBILITIES THEY BEAR."

HE ASKED FOR SINCERE NEGOTIATIONS TO VINDICATE TRUTH AND JUSTICE



SO THAT "FORCE SHALL NOT PREVAIL."

THE 79-YEAR-OLD PONTIFF HAD ADDED SPECIAL DRAMA TO HIS PLEA FOR PEACE BY RECALLING THAT OTHER POPES HAD MADE SIMILAR APPEALS ON THE EVES OF WORLD WARS I AND II.

"WE MAKE THIS APPEAL OUR OWN," POPE JOHN ADDED, "EXTENDING IT ONCE MORE TO THOSE WHO BEAR ON THEIR CONSCIENCE THE GRAVEST WEIGHT OF PUBLIC AND ACKNOWLEDGED RESPONSIBILITIES."

"THE WORLD HAS NO NEED OF VICTORIOUS WARS AND DEFEATED PEOPLES," THE POPE SAID, "BUT OF THE RENEWED STRENGTH OF SALVATION AND OF THE FRUITFULNESS AND CALM OF PEACE."

ASKED HOW HE ASSESSED POPE JOHN'S MESSAGE, KHRUSHCHEV SAID:

"I READ THE SPEECH OF THE POPE OF ROME AND, I MUST SAY, I READ IT WITH INTEREST."

THE SOVIET LEADER SAID IT WAS NECESSARY TO LISTEN TO ALL PUBLIC FIGURES WHO WARN "AGAINST DANGEROUS PLAYING WITH FIRE."

KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED HE HIMSELF WOULD ALWAYS SEEK PEACEFUL SOLUTIONS TO WORLD TENSIONS THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS BUT ASKED "ARE SUCH FOLLOWERS OF THE CATHOLIC FAITH AS JOHN KENNEDY, KONRAD ADENAUER AND OTHERS PAYING HEED TO THE HOLY WARNING OF THE POPE OF ROME?"

"JOHN XXIII SHOWS APPRECIATION OF SANE THINKING WHEN HE CAUTIONS GOVERNMENTS AGAINST UNIVERSAL CATASTROPHE AND CALLS ON THEM TO RECOGNIZE THEIR VAST RESPONSIBILITY WHICH THEY BEAR BEFORE HISTORY," KHRUSHCHEV SAID. "SUCH A CIL IS A GOOD SIGN."

KHRUSHCHEV SAID IN HIS OPINION IT IS IMPERMISSIBLE TO "PLAY WITH THE FATE OF PEOPLES."

"NATURALLY THIS IS NOT A MATTER OF FEAR OF THE 'JUDGMENT OF GOD' ABOUT WHICH THE POPE SPEAKS," KHRUSHCHEV SAID.

"AS A COMMUNIST AND ATHEIST, I DO NOT BELIEVE IN THE 'LORD'S WILL' BUT ONE THING I CAN FIRMLY SAY:

"THE GREAT RESPONSIBILITY OF GOVERNMENTS BEFORE THEIR PEOPLES AND BEFORE MANKIND DEMANDS THAT THEY TAKE ALL POSSIBLE EFFORTS AND ENGAGE IN A MUTUAL SEARCH FOR PATHS LEADING TO THE LIQUIDATION OF RELICS OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR, TO THE ELIMINATION OF SEATS OF TENSION AND TO THE RESTRAINT OF FLAMBEAU (TORCH) BEARERS OF A NEW WORLDWIDE CONFLAGRATION."

"THE HEAD OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH," HE WENT ON, "IS EVIDENTLY TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE MOOD OF MANY MILLIONS OF CATHOLICS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD WHO HAVE BEEN DISTURBED BY THE PREPARATIONS OF THE IMPERIALISTS."

KHRUSHCHEV'S GESTURE OF APPRECIATION TO THE PONTIFF CONTAINED NO SIGN OF ANY MODIFICATION OF THE STIFF SOVIET LINE ON GERMANY AND BERLIN.

"AS FAR AS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT IS CONCERNED," HE SAID, "IT PERSISTENTLY HAS FOUGHT AND WILL FIGHT TO REMOVE THE THREAT OF A NEW WORLD WAR AND TO CONCLUDE A GERMAN PEACE TREATY ON THIS BASIS AND NORMALIZE THE SITUATION IN WEST BERLIN."

SM256PED

A67WX

(110) NIGHT LEAD SOVIET NUCLEAR  
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION TESTED ANOTHER BIG NUCLEAR WEAPON IN THE ATMOSPHERE TODAY. IT WAS THE 14TH BLAST SINCE THE RUSSIANS RESUMED TESTING ON SEPT. 1.

IN ANNOUNCING THE EXPLOSION IN THE AREA OF THE ARCTIC ISLAND OF NOVAYA ZEMLYA, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID IT "HAD A YIELD ON THE ORDER OF A MEGATON"--ONE MILLION TONS OF TNT.

IN TOKYO, JAPAN'S CENTRAL METEOROLOGICAL AGENCY PUT THE FORCE AT SEVERAL MEGATONS, AND SAID SHOCKS FROM THE BLAST WERE DETECTED FROM 20 TO 50 MINUTES. THE JAPANESE AGENCY PUT THE TIME OF THE BLAST AT ABOUT 8 A.M. EST.

THE UNITED STATES HAS ANNOUNCED TWO UNDERGROUND BLASTS SINCE IT FOLLOWED THE SOVIET LEAD IN RESUMING ATOMIC TESTS. 536 PED

A113

200

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, SEPT. 20 (AP)-SHUNICHI MATSUMOTO, A NATIVE OF HIROSHIMA, TODAY CALLED FOR THE SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR TESTS IN A DRAMATIC APPEAL TO THE 50TH INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION CONFERENCE.

THE JAPANESE AND ARGENTINE DELEGATIONS HAVE ALREADY SUBMITTED A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR SUSPENSION OF TESTS.

MATSUMOTO, A MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, TOLD THE 51-COUNTRY CONFERENCE:

"JAPAN WAS THE FIRST, AND WE HOPE THE LAST, NATION TO EXPERIENCE THE HORRORS OF THE ATOMIC BOMB IN WORLD WAR II. I MYSELF AM A NATIVE OF HIROSHIMA, WHERE HISTORY'S FIRST ATOM BOMB WAS DROPPED IN WARFARE, AND I HAVE MANY RELATIVES AND FRIENDS WHO SUFFERED FROM THE BOMB."

"SIXTEEN YEARS HAVE PASSED SINCE THE END OF THE WAR, AND YET TODAY MANY OF OUR COMPATRIOTS IN HIROSHIMA AND NAGASAKI ARE DYING AND MANY LIE PROSTRATE, SUFFERING FROM SICKNESS CAUSED BY RADIOACTIVITY."

"TODAY," HE CONTINUES, "WE HEAR OF SUPER-NUCLEAR BOMBS, MANY THOUSANDS OF TIMES MORE POWERFUL THAN THE HIROSHIMA BOMB. I CANNOT BUT PERSONALLY FEEL THAT SUCH BOMBS WILL SURELY DESTROY HUMANKIND, IF NOT IN A TWINKLING OF AN EYE, THEN SOONER OR LATER..."

"JAPAN IS AT THE CROSSROADS OF ATOMIC FALLOUT--THE ASHES OF DEATH. JAPAN IS SO SITUATED GEOGRAPHICALLY AS TO BE MOST VULNERABLE TO THE DANGERS OF ATOMIC CONTAMINATION, BLOWN OVER OUR COUNTRY, EACH TIME AN ATOMIC TEST IS CARRIED OUT."

U.S. SEN. J.J. HICKEY, D-WYO., TOLD THE CONFERENCE "SOVIET HISTORY OF THE LAST DECADE IS TO SEE THE WORLD UPSIDE DOWN-- TO SEE THE WORLD IN ONE OF THOSE DISTORTING MIRRORS SO POPULAR IN AMUSEMENT PARKS."

"NEVER HAS MY NATION FOUGHT A WAR OF AGGRESSION," HICKEY SAID. "NEVER HAVE WE FIRED THE FIRST SHOT. AND NEVER HAVE WE FAILED TO HELP OUT A DEFEATED ENEMY TO REBUILD THE DEVASTATION OF WAR...."

"TO LISTEN TO RADIO MOSCOW, TO READ PRAVDA..." HICKEY WENT ON, "ONE WOULD BELIEVE THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD NOT DISARMED AFTER WORLD WAR II....STARTED THE COLD WAR...NEVER OFFERED TO PUT ATOMIC WEAPONS UNDER INTERNATIONAL CONTROL...THAT AMERICAN COLONIES WERE SCATTERED ALL OVER THE WORLD, THAT OUR FORCES WERE STATIONED IN COUNTRIES AGAINST THE WILL OF THEIR PEOPLES AND GOVERNMENTS, THAT WE HAD ENCOURAGED THE REARMAMENT OF GERMANY BEFORE EAST GERMANY HAD ARMED, THAT WE ARE AGGRESSIVE IN KOREA."

"AND I DARESAY," HICKEY ADDED "GIVE THE SOVIET UNION A FEW MORE WEEKS OF WORLDWIDE PROPAGANDA AND MUCH OF THE WORLD WILL BE LED TO BELIEVE THAT IT WAS THE UNITED STATES WHICH WAS THE FIRST TO BREAK THE VOLUNTARY BAN ON ATOMIC TESTS AND THAT IT IS THE UNITED STATES WHICH IS POLLUTING THE ATMOSPHERE."

"IN ONE AND A HALF HOURS ANY DELEGATE CAN FLY TO BERLIN," HICKEY CONCLUDED. "IT IS UP TO DELEGATES HERE TO PUT THE DISTORTED MIRROR BACK IN FOCUS. VISIT BERLIN: TELL YOU OWN PEOPLE WHAT YOU SEE!"

BA1010AED

NO1

(200)

TOKYO, SEPT. 20 (AP)-JAPAN ADVISED SOVIET RUSSIA TODAY "THE FIRST SIGNS OF 'DANGER' HAVE ALREADY APPEARED FROM WHAT IT CALLED RECKLESS RUSSIAN ATOMIC BLASTS IN CENTRAL ASIA."

THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SUMMONED SOVIET MINISTER SERGEI P. SUZDALEV AND HANDED HIM A SHARP NOTE WHICH DECLARED:

"AS A NATION WHICH HAS DIRECTLY EXPERIENCED THE FRIGHTENING RAVAGES OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS, JAPAN POSITIVELY CANNOT APPROVE OF ANY NUCLEAR DEVELOPMENT FOR MILITARY PURPOSES WHICH COULD LEAD HUMANITY TO DESTRUCTION."

IT ADDED THAT BECAUSE OF JAPAN'S GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, "THERE IS AN EXTREMELY GREAT POSSIBILITY THAT JAPAN WILL BE SUBJECTED DIRECTLY TO THE EFFECTS OF NUCLEAR TESTS CONDUCTED IN THE SOVIET UNION. AND



THE FIRST SIGNS OF THIS DANGER HAVE ALREADY APPEARED.  
"THEREFORE THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CLAIM  
INDEMNITY FOR ALL DAMAGE WHICH MAY BE SUFFERED BY THE JAPANESE  
GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE AS A RESULT OF THE RECKLESS TESTS BEING  
PERSISTENTLY CARRIED OUT BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT," THE NOTE SAID.  
THE FOREIGN MINISTRY RECALLED THAT JAPAN SEPT. 2 FORMALLY CALLED  
ON THE SOVIET UNION TO REVOKE ITS DECISION TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS.  
"THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT URGES THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO REFLECT  
ON THE FACT THAT IT IS PERSISTENTLY CONDUCTING ONE NUCLEAR TEST  
AFTER ANOTHER, WHILE FAILING TO MAKE ANY REPLY WHATEVER TO THE STRONG  
PROTEST OF THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT," THE NOTE CONTINUED.  
THE NOTE ENDED WITH A DEMAND THAT MOSCOW "PROMPTLY MAKE A SINCERE  
REPLY" TO THE REPRESENTATIONS PREVIOUSLY MADE BY JAPAN.  
JG641AED

A178KX

(EDITORS: THE FOLLOWING LEAD CORRECTS THE DATE AND LOCATION  
OF THE CLOUD SIGHTING REFERRED TO IN A108 AND CONTAINS QUOTES FRESHLY  
OBTAINED FROM THE PILOT.)

- 0 -

FIRST LEAD (200)  
NOME, ALASKA, SEPT. 20 (AP)-AN ALASKA BUSH PILOT SAYS HE SIGHTED  
A MUSHROOM-LIKE CLOUD RISING FROM THE DIRECTION OF  
NORTHERN SIBERIA LAST THURSDAY (CQ) AFTERNOON.  
THAT WAS THE DAY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION REPORTED THE  
RUSSIANS HAD SET OFF A NUCLEAR TEST BLAST, APPARENTLY OF SEVERAL  
MEGATONS, IN THE VICINITY OF THE ARCTIC ISLAND OF NOVAYA ZEMLYA. IT  
WAS THE 10TH SINCE THE SOVIETS RESUMED TESTING.  
THE CLOUD SIGHTING REPORT CAME FROM TONY SCHULTZ, VETERAN PILOT  
FOR WIEN ALASKA AIRLINES.  
"I NOTICED IT," SCHULTZ SAID TODAY, "BECAUSE OF ITS UNUSUAL SHAPE.  
IT LOOKED LIKE A RECTANGULAR PILLAR. IN 20 MINUTES IT TURNED INTO A  
COMPLETE MUSHROOM."  
SCHULTZ SAID HE COULD NOT DISTINGUISH ANY COLORS BECAUSE THE SUN  
WAS BEHIND THE CLOUD. HE SAID HE WAS APPARENTLY ABLE TO SIGHT THE  
CLOUD BECAUSE OF THE COMBINATION OF EXTREMELY CLEAR AIR AND THE  
ALTITUDE AT WHICH HE WAS FLYING.  
SCHULTZ SPOTTED THE CLOUD WHILE FLYING AT 6,500 FEET OVER  
KIVALINA AS HE FLEW FROM KOTZEBUE TO CAPE THOMPSON ON THE ARCTIC  
COAST. HE SAID HIS HEADING WAS 330 DEGREES TRUE NORTH AND HE STIMATED  
THE CLOUD WAS ABOUT 400 MILES WEST OF CAPE THOMPSON.  
SCHULTZ, WHO HAS SPENT NEARLY 24 YEARS FLYING IN ALASKA AND THE  
YUKON TERRITORY, SAID HE REPORTED THE SIGHTING TO MILITARY  
AUTHORITIES ON FRIDAY. HE SAID HE WAS INTERVIEWED ON SATURDAY, BUT  
HAS HEARD NOTHING SINCE THEM.  
SCHULTZ FLIES EQUIPMENT TO U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION  
SCIENTISTS STUDYING THE FEASIBILITY OF CREATING A HARBOR AT CAPE  
THOMPSON WITH FIVE NUCLEAR BLASTS.  
COL. FRED O. REGER, ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE ALASKA  
NATIONAL GUARD, SAID THE STATE MILITARY AGENCY HAD NOT RECEIVED  
WORD OF THE SIGHTING.  
"THE UNITED STATES HAS VERY SENSITIVE ELECTRONIC DEVICES WHICH  
WOULD HAVE DETECTED A BLAST THAT CLOSE TO OUR SHORES VERY EASILY,"  
REGER SAID.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ALASKA COMMAND IN ANCHORAGE DECLINED  
COMMENT.

GC612PCS NM

A74WX (MFAFLOUT, MONITORING, WALLPAPER)

(330) FALLOUT

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)-LEVELS OF RADIOACTIVITY IN THE ATMOSPHERE  
INCREASED YESTERDAY IN A NUMBER OF CITIES BUT SHOWED SHARP DROPS IN  
OTHERS, THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE REPORTED TODAY.

THE SERVICE MADE PUBLIC WITHOUT COMMENT THE FIELD ESTIMATES FROM 42

30.24-1725

MONITORING STATIONS IN THE RADIATION SURVEILLANCE NETWORK WHICH GAVE  
FIGURES FOR YESTERDAY.

PRIOR REPORTS HAVE BEEN ACCOMPANIED BY COMMENTS BY SECRETARY OF  
WELFARE ABRAHAM RIBICOFF. SOME OF THESE HAVE ATTRIBUTED THE RISING  
LEVELS OF RADIOACTIVITY DIRECTLY TO RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST-  
ING BY RUSSIA.

THE SECRETARY HAS ALSO SAID THAT WHILE SOME OF THE RADIOACTIVITY  
LEVELS ARE AT UNDESIRABLE MAGNITUDES THEY DO NOT POSE A PUBLIC HEALTH  
THREAT TO THE POPULATIONS INVOLVED UNLESS SUSTAINED OVER A LONG PERIOD  
OF TIME. NO DEFINITION HAS BEEN GIVEN FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME.

THE HIGHEST COUNT OF GROSS BETA RADIOACTIVITY REPORTED FOR YESTERDAY  
WAS 534 MICROMICROCURIES PER CUBIC METER OF AIR AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.  
THE READING AT MONTGOMERY THE DAY BEFORE, SEPT. 18, HAD BEEN 500, COM-  
PARED WITH A LOW IN RECENT DAYS OF 2.6 ON SEPT. 14.

PASCAGOULA, MISS., HAD AN ESTIMATE OF 504 YESTERDAY, UP FROM 473  
THE DAY BEFORE AND FROM NO DETECTABLE RADIOACTIVITY ON SEPT. 13 AND  
14.

FIGURES FOR OTHER CITIES SHOWING BIG INCREASES, GIVING THE ESTIMATES  
FOR YESTERDAY AND THE DAY BEFORE, INCLUDED: LITTLE ROCK, ARK., 169 AND  
76.2; SPRINGFIELD, ILL., 81.5 AND NO REPORT; IOWA CITY, IOWA, 90.4 AND  
2.87; TOPEKA, KAN., 36.3 AND 4.32; NEW ORLEANS, 364 AND 244; MINNEAPOLIS,  
MINN., 35 AND 3.6; JEFFERSON CITY, MO., 137 AND 7.1; PONCA CITY, OKLA.,  
23.6 AND 2.33; PROVIDENCE, R.I., 20.8 AND 9.3; AUSTIN, TEXAS, 95 AND  
10.1; AND MADISON, WIS., 118.3 AND 7.3.

FOR CITIES WITH MAJOR DECREASES YESTERDAY, THE ESTIMATES OF YESTERDAY  
AND THE DAY BEFORE INCLUDED: ATLANTA, GA., 163 AND 246; JACKSONVILLE,  
FLA., 99.8 AND 360; INDIANAPOLIS, IND., 28.6 AND 39; GASTONIA, N.C.,  
34.9 AND 61; COLUMBIA, S.C., 12.6 AND 383; AND RICHMOND, VA., 15 AND  
25.

R7603PED

A69WX

(140) NIGHT LEAD FRENCH ATOMIC  
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)-CONGRESS GAVE FINAL APPROVAL TODAY TO A  
KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT TO SHARE WITH FRANCE SECRET INFORMATION  
FOR TRAINING TROOPS IN USING NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

SENATE PASSAGE BY VOICE VOTE, FOLLOWING SIMILAR HOUSE ACTION YESTER-  
DAY, SENT TO THE WHITE HOUSE A BILL WHICH WAIVES A PROVISION OF THE LAW  
REQUIRING ANY SUCH AGREEMENT TO LIE BEFORE CONGRESS FOR 60 DAYS BEFORE  
IT CAN BECOME EFFECTIVE. THE AGREEMENT WITH FRANCE WAS ANNOUNCED  
SEPT. 7.

THE AGREEMENT BARS TRANSFER OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO FRANCE BUT DOES  
PERMIT SUPPLYING HER WITH DEVICES SUCH AS WOULD BE USED, FOR EXAMPLE,  
TO FASTEN NUCLEAR BOMBS TO AIRCRAFT.

IT ALLOWS SHARING OF U.S. TECHNIQUES, TRAINING DEVICES AND INFORMA-  
TION TO ENABLE FRANCE TO DELIVER NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND DEFEND AGAINST  
THEM.

THE UNITED STATES HAS SIMILAR AGREEMENTS WITH SEVEN OTHER NATO  
NATIONS -- BRITAIN, CANADA, WEST GERMANY, TURKEY, THE NETHERLANDS,  
GREECE AND ITALY.

R75A0PFD

143

AMS BUDGET (500)

NIGHT LEAD HARZERSTRASSE

BY JOHN FIEHN

BERLIN, SEPT. 20 (AP)-A SHABBY LITTLE TEDDY BEAR PERCHED ON TOP  
OF A BIG HEAP OF FURNITURE COMMUNIST MOVING MEN WERE PILING INTO  
ONKENSTRASSE, RIGHT OFF HARZERSTRASSE TODAY.

NEARBY STOOD TWO GIRLS, 5 OR 6 YEARS OLD. THEY STARED AT THE MEN  
BRINGING THEIR FAMILY'S BELONGINGS OUT.  
PISTOL-TOTING OFFICERS OF THE RED PEOPLE'S POLICE. SOME WITH TEAR



GAS GRENADES IN THEIR HANDS, MADE OCCASIONAL THREATENING MOVES TOWARD REPORTERS GETTING CLOSE TO THE IRON CURTAIN THAT CUTS THROUGH BERLIN SINCE AUG. 13.

IT WAS MASS EVACUATION DAY IN HARZERSTRASSE--"M-E-DAY" A WEST BERLIN OFFICER CALLED IT.

THE COMMUNISTS, IT SEEMED, WERE STARTING TO CREATE A DEAD, UNINHABITED BELT ALONG THE 25 MILES OF PRISON WALL THROUGH BERLIN.

EVERYTHING NORTH OF HARZERSTRASSE IS COMMUNIST-RULED EAST BERLIN. THE STREET AND SIDEWALKS ARE IN WEST BERLIN. FIVE DAYS AFTER BRINGING DOWN THE IRON CURTAIN, COMMUNIST WORKMEN NAILED SHUT EVERY DOOR LEADING INTO THE STREET AND BRICKED OFF ALL FIRST-FLOOR APARTMENT WINDOWS.

BUT MANY EAST BERLINERS MANAGED TO FLEE BY SLIDING TO FREEDOM ON ROPES FROM HIGHER APARTMENTS. NINE JUMPED FROM WINDOWS LAST NIGHT.

PEOPLE LIVING IN THE FIRST FLOOR HAD ALREADY BEEN REMOVED NOT ONLY IN HARZERSTRASSE BUT IN ALL EAST BERLIN BUILDINGS FACING THE BORDER OF WEST BERLIN.

SUCH A SITUATION PREVAILED IN WALDEMARSTRASSE, LIKE HARZERSTRASSE IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR, AND IN BERNAUERSTRASSE IN THE FRENCH SECTOR OF THE CITY.

LAST WEEK, WASHINGTON INFORMANTS DISCLOSED COMMUNIST PLANS TO EVACUATE EAST BERLINERS ALL ALONG THE BORDER LINE. NOW, IT SEEMED, THE EAST GERMAN RED WERE CARRYING OUT THAT PLAN.

REMOVAL VANS PULLED UP AT 6 A.M. IN THE SIDE STREETS LEADING UP TO THE SECTION OF HARZERSTRASSE THAT BORDERS ON WEST BERLIN.

SOME 60 CIVILIANS WEARING WHITE ARMBANDS WERE POSTED INSIDE APARTMENTS FACING WEST BERLIN. STRONG DETACHMENTS OF PEOPLE'S POLICE GUARDED THE STREET ENTRANCES. GUARDS ALONG THE WALL WERE INCREASED.

YOU COULD HEAR THE HEAVY-SHOED MOVING MEN GOING UP AND DOWN THE NARROW STAIRCASES INSIDE THE BUILDINGS OF 1 1/2 AND 2-ROOM APARTMENTS. ONE WINDOW AFTER ANOTHER BECAME BARREN AS CURTAINS WERE PULLED DOWN. FLOWERPOTS DISAPPEARED FROM BALCONIES.

IN THEIR PLACE COMMUNIST GUARDS SHOWED UP ON SEVERAL BALCONIES. FROM THERE THEY OCCASIONALLY POURED BUCKETS OF WATER ON WEST BERLIN POLICE AND REPORTERS.

CHAIRS, CARPETS, BEDDING, WARDROBES, KITCHEN TABLES, POTS AND PANS SLOWLY PILED UP IN ONKENSTRASSE.

THERE WERE ABOUT EIGHT MOVING VANS. AS SOON AS ONE HAD BEEN FILLED, ANOTHER WAS PUSHED FORWARD.

WORKMEN ON THE EAST BERLIN SIDE GRINNED AS PHOTOGRAPHERS SNAPPED AWAY AT THE SAD PICTURE. NEWSREEL CAMERAS GROUND AWAY.

CHILDREN WADED THROUGH FURNITURE HEAPS GRABBING FOR TOYS WHILE THE OPERATION WENT ON. THEY SEEMED UNCONCERNED.

THEIR PARENTS SEEMED TO BE OUT OF SIGHT--PRESUMABLY EITHER SUPERVISING THE PACKING UPSTAIRS OR WAITING AT THE OTHER END FOR THE ARRIVAL OF THE FURNITURE.

A PEOPLE'S POLICEMAN, ASKED WHERE THE APARTMENTS' OWNERS WERE, DIDN'T ANSWER BUT SIMPLY BENT DOWN TO PICK UP A TEAR GAS GRENADE.

A DRIVE ALONG THE BORDER SHOWED THAT HARZERSTRASSE SO FAR WAS THE ONLY PLACE WHERE MASS REMOVALS HAD BEGUN.

A NEW LAW AUTHORIZED COMMUNIST LEADER WALTER ULBRICHT TO DECLARE AT ANY TIME A "STATE OF DEFENSE".

THE LAW EMPOWERS THE AUTHORITIES TO DECREE CONSCRIPTION FOR THE ARMED FORCES, CONFISCATE PRIVATE PROPERTY, ORDER EVACUATION OF BUILDINGS OR WHOLE AREAS, DRAFT PERSONS OVER 16 INTO CIVIL DEFENSE, COMPEL HOUSEHOLDERS TO PROVIDE ACCOMMODATION FOR TROOPS AND TURN FACTORIES OVER TO WAR PRODUCTION.

POLICE IN WEST BERLIN ESTIMATED THE COMMUNISTS MOVED OUT ABOUT 250 PERSONS BY THE END OF THE DAY. THEY ALSO REPORTED THREE ESCAPES BY YOUNG MEN WHO MADE THEIR WAY THROUGH THE BARBED WIRE THAT SEPARATES THE OUTSKIRTS OF WEST BERLIN FROM EAST GERMANY PROPER.

IN BONN THE WEST GERMAN MINISTRY FOR ALL-GERMAN AFFAIRS REPORTED SIMILAR EVACUATIONS ALONG THE 800-MILE IRON FRONTIER BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANY.

THE MINISTRY REPORTED HOUSES NEAR THE BORDER WERE SEEN BEING EVACUATED IN THE PAST FEW DAYS IN THE BAVARIAN DISTRICT OF KRONACH.

EVEN LOYAL COMMUNISTS WERE TAKEN AWAY IN THE NIGHT BY BORDER POLICE, THE MINISTRY SAID. THE NEXT MORNING MOVING VANS HAULED AWAY FURNITURE AND WRECKING GANGS LEVELLED THE HOUSES.

FEW BUILDINGS ON THE EAST GERMAN SIDE OF THE BORD ARE CLOSE TO WESTERN TERRITORY. MANY OF THESE WERE EVACUATED LONG AGO AND ARE USED AS OBSERVATION POSTS BY RED GUARDS.

THERE IS A PLOUGHED STRIP, SOWN WITH MINES, ALONG OPEN STRETCHES OF COUNTRY. A ZONE THREE MILES DEEP IS PROHIBITED TERRITORY FOR PERSONS WITHOUT A SPECIAL PERMIT TO BE THERE.

FV1004PED

A154

(100)

WALKENRIED, GERMANY, SEPT. 20 (AP)--AN EAST GERMAN FARMER ESCAPED ACROSS THE BORDER INTO WEST GERMANY ON A TRACTOR PULLING HIS WIFE AND FOUR CHILDREN IN A WAGON LOADED HIGH WITH MANURE, WEST GERMAN POLICE REPORTED TODAY.

AN EAST GERMAN TECHNICIAN AND HIS WIFE AND THREE CHILDREN ESCAPED AT THE SAME TIME IN AN OFFICE CAR, POLICE SAID.

BOTH MEN DROVE CLOSE TO THE BORDER AND THEN SPED ACROSS AS EAST GERMAN PATROLS FIRED WARNING SHOTS. THE ESCAPE WAS AT A PORTION OF THE BORDER NOT YET FORTIFIED WITH BARBED WIRE.

THE FARMER AND TECHNICIAN HAD JOINTLY PLANNED THEIR FLIGHT FOR DAYS. THEIR NAMES WERE WITHHELD BY WEST GERMAN AUTHORITIES.

FV1014PED

MUNICH, GERMANY, SEPT. 20 (AP)--PROF. ERNST BLOCH, A LEADING EAST GERMAN MARXIST PHILOSOPHER WHO SPENT THE NAZI YEARS IN EXILE, HAS DEFECTED TO WEST GERMANY, FRIENDS SAID TODAY. 9-30

THE 76-YEAR-OLD SCHOLAR WAS ON VACATION IN WEST GERMANY WHEN THE COMMUNISTS SEALED THE EAST-WEST BORDER IN BERLIN LAST MONTH AND HE DECIDED NOT TO RETURN TO HIS HOME IN LEIPZIG. HIS WIFE AND SON MANAGED TO FOLLOW HIM TO THE WEST.

ONE INFORMANT DESCRIBED THE DEFECTION AS "A DECISION AGAINST THE EAST, BUT NOT NECESSARILY ONE FOR THE WEST."

BLOCH WAS SUSPENDED FROM HIS CHAIR AT LEIPZIG UNIVERSITY FOLLOWING THE 1956 REVOLT IN HUNGARY AND WAS ACCUSED OF REVISIONISM.

DURING MUCH OF THE NAZI REGIME, HE LIVED IN EXILE IN SWITZERLAND, FRANCE, AUSTRIA AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA. IN 1938 HE EMIGRATED TO THE UNITED STATES, WHERE HE BECAME ATTACHED TO A CIRCLE OF EXILED PLAYWRIGHTS AND NOVELISTS WHICH INCLUDED BERTOLT BRECHT AND LION FEUCHTWANGER.

HE RETURNED TO GERMANY IN 1949.

FRIENDS SAID BLOCH WAS LIKELY TO ACCEPT A LECTURESHIP AT THE WEST GERMAN UNIVERSITY OF TUEBINGEN.



IN AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE EAST GERMAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, BLOCH SAID THE BORDER CLOSURE OF AUG. 13 LET HIM TO BELIEVE "NO MORE ROOM WILL REMAIN FOR THE LIFE AND WORK OF PEOPLE THINKING INDEPENDENTLY" IN EAST GERMANY.

"I AM NO LONGER WILLING TO EXPOSE MY WORK AND MYSELF TO UNDIGNIFIED CONDITIONS," HE SAID, "AND TO THE THREATS WHICH ALONE PRESERVE THEM."

BLOCH SAID THAT IN RECENT YEARS HIS BEST STUDENTS WERE PERSECUTED AND PUNISHED AND THAT HE HIMSELF WAS BARRED FROM LECTURING, WRITING OR GETTING IN TOUCH WITH THEM.

JF1120AED

A79 BONN, GERMANY, SEPT. 20 (AP)-WEST GERMANY DECIDED TODAY TO PROLONG THE MILITARY SERVICE OF 30,000 DRAFTEES DUE FOR DISCHARGE SEPT. 30. THE GOVERNMENT PRESS CHIEF, FELIX VON ECKARDT, SAID THE 30,000 MEN WILL BE KEPT FOR A THREE-MONTH MILITARY EXERCISE. THE GOVERNMENT HAD SAID EARLIER IT MIGHT BE NECESSARY TO RETAIN THE 30,000 IF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION DID NOT IMPROVE. THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID FIGHTING STRENGTH HAS BEEN 70-80 PER CENT BUT IS NOW TO BE BROUGHT UP TO 90-100 PER CENT. THE BUNDESWEHR WILL THEN NUMBER 360,000 MEN.

FV621PED

EB36WX

U R G E N T

FIRST LEAD NATIONAL GUARD ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)-THE ARMY SAID TODAY THAT MEMBERS OF TWO NATIONAL GUARD DIVISIONS CALLED UP YESTERDAY FOR ACTIVE DUTY WILL NOT BE EXCUSED EXCEPT IN UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCES. THE DIVISIONS ARE THE 32ND INFANTRY DIVISION OF THE WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD AND THE 49TH ARMORED DIVISION OF THE TEXAS NATIONAL GUARD.

A SPOKESMAN SAID THOSE WHO HAVE NOT HAD AN ARMY PHYSICAN EXAMINATION IN THE PAST YEAR WILL BE GIVEN ONE WITHIN 10 DAYS. THOSE FOUND NOT PHYSICALLY QUALIFIED WILL BE DROPPED.

THE SPOKESMAN ALSO SAID:

THE LOCAL DIVISION COMMANDER CAN GRANT DEFEREMENTS ON "VERY DEFINITE HARDSHIP CASES."

THE MERE FACT THAT A GUARDMAN IS MARRIED WILL NOT BE SUFFICIENT IN ITSELF TO PERMIT A DEFERMENT.

DEFERMENTS MAY BE GRANTED BY THE DIVISION COMMANDER FOR CERTAIN HIGH SCHOOL OR COLLEGE MEMBERS OF THE GUARD WHO HAVE NOT COMPLETED SIX MONTHS OF ACTIVE DUTY.

EVEN IF THEY HAVE COMPLETED SIX MONTHS OF DUTY, SOME MAY BE GRANTED DEFERMENT IF THEY HAVE BEEN ACCEPTED BY A COLLEGE OR HAVE STARTED CLASSES.

MEMBERS OF THE GUARD WHO ARE CIVIL SERVANTS OR HOLD KEY GOVERNMENT POSITIONS ARE NOT LIKELY TO BE DEFERRED. THESE MEMBERS, IF THEY HAD DESIRED, COULD HAVE BEEN MOVED INTO THE RETIRED RESERVE PRIOR TO THE CALL TO ACTIVE DUTY AND THUS BE EXEMPT.

SR1217PED

30.24-1727

A42WX (380) AMS BUDGET NIGHT LEAD THURMOND-PROBE BY GARDNER L. BRIDGE

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)-THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE VOTED TODAY TO LOOK INTO CHARGES BY SEN. STROM THURMOND, D-S.C. THAT THE PENTAGON HAS BEEN MUZZLING CRITICS OF COMMUNISM IN THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE 15-1 VOTE FOLLOWED WHAT CHAIRMAN RICHARD B. RUSSELL, D-GA., CALLED "THE LONGEST EXERCISE IN SEMANTICS I HAVE EVER HEARD."

THE ARGUMENT, RUSSELL SAID, WAS OVER THE PHRASE "STUDY AND INVESTIGATE" IN THURMOND'S PROPOSED RESOLUTION. THE RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED AFTER THE WORDING WAS CHANGED TO "STUDY AND APPRAISE."

"I THOUGHT IT WAS A TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT, AND YOU CAN QUOTE ME ON THAT," RUSSELL TOLD NEWSMEN AFTER THE CLOSED-DOOR SESSION.

AS FINALLY ADOPTED, THE RESOLUTION READ THIS WAY:

"RESOLVED: THAT A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES, TO BE APPOINTED OR DESIGNATED BY THE CHAIRMAN, BE AUTHORIZED AND DIRECTED TO STUDY AND APPRAISE THE USE OF MILITARY PERSONNEL AND FACILITIES TO AROUSE THE PUBLIC TO THE MENACE OF THE COLD WAR AND TO INFORM AND EDUCATE ARMED SERVICES PERSONNEL ON THE NATURE AND MENACE OF THE COLD WAR, AND THAT SUCH SUBCOMMITTEE BE VESTED WITH THE FULL SUBPOENA POWER OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES."

THURMOND, WHO HAD SAID BEFORE THE MEETING THAT HE WOULD INSIST ON A FULL-SCALE \$75,000 INVESTIGATION, TOLD REPORTERS HE WAS SATISFIED WITH THE OUTCOME.

THURMOND SAID THE WORD STUDY HAS BEEN INTERPRETED TO MEAN THE SAME THING AS INVESTIGATE.

REPORTERS ASKED RUSSELL IF HE THOUGHT A STUDY AND APPRAISAL IS THE SAME AS AN INVESTIGATION.

"IN MY OWN VIEW IT IS," RUSSELL REPLIED. BUT HE SAID SOME OTHER MEMBERS "THOUGHT THERE WAS AN IMPLICATION IN THE USE OF THE WORD INVESTIGATE THAT IMPLIED SOME CRIME."

"I'VE NEVER SAID THERE WERE SUBVERSIVES IN THE PENTAGON," THURMOND SAID.

HE HAS CHARGED IN A SERIES OF SENATE SPEECHES THAT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT "GAGS AND MUZZLES" MILITARY PERSONNEL WHO TRY TO SPEAK OUT MILITANTLY AGAINST THE DANGERS OF COMMUNISM.

HE SAID AN EXAMINATION OF SPEECHES THAT HAVE PASSED THROUGH PENTAGON REVIEWING OFFICERS BEFORE DELIVERY "BEARS OUT THE CONTENTION I HAVE MADE THAT CENSORSHIP HAS TAKEN PLACE AT THE PENTAGON."

"HARD STATEMENTS AGAINST COMMUNISM HAVE BEEN REMOVED," THURMOND SAID. SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA SUBMITTED THE TRANSCRIPTS OF 1,500 SPEECHES THAT HAVE BEEN DELIVERED BY MILITARY PERSONNEL SINCE HE TOOK OFFICE LAST JANUARY TO PROVE, HE SAID, THAT THE SPEECHES WERE "ANYTHING BUT SOFT ON COMMUNISM."

RUSSELL SAID HE WOULD ASK THE SENATE FOR \$30,000 TO HELP FINANCE THE INQUIRY. HE SAID HE THOUGHT THIS, WITH WHAT THE COMMITTEE HAS ON HAND, SHOULD BE ENOUGH.

MAKEUP OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE AND A STARTING DATE FOR THE INQUIRY WILL BE DECIDED LATER.

BU410PED

A131

(330)

NEW YORK, SEPT. 20 (AP)-WORLD WAR I FLYING ACE EDDIE RICKENBACKER HIT OUT TODAY AT WHAT HE CALLED CENSORSHIP PREVENTING MILITARY COMMANDERS FROM INSTRUCTING THEIR MEN IN HOW TO DEAL WITH COMMUNISM. RICKENBACKER, NOW BOARD CHAIRMAN OF EASTERN AIR LINES, APPEARED TO HAVE IN MIND THE CASE OF MAJ. GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER, ALTHOUGH HE DID NOT MENTION HIM BY NAME.

WALKER WAS RELIEVED OF HIS COMMAND IN GERMANY IN A DISPUTE OVER



POLITICAL INDOCTRINATION OF HIS TROOPS.

RICKENBACKER ADDRESSED A GATHERING OF OFFICERS OF THE AIRPLANE CARRIER CONSTELLATION, TO BE COMMISSIONED NEXT MONTH. HE SAID:

"FOR YOUR INFORMATION, GENTLEMEN, I AM A CIVILIAN AND I AM NOT IN THE RESERVE CORPS OR A MEMBER OF THE PEACE CORPS.....

"STILL BEING A FREE MAN--FOR HOW LONG I DON'T KNOW--MY REMARKS TODAY HAVE NOT BEEN CENSORED OR APPROVED BY THE OFFICE BOY THROUGH THE CHAIN OF COMMAND UP TO AND INCLUDING THE PRESIDENT."

THE FORMER FLIER ASSERTED:

"MY QUESTION IS--WHY SHOULD OUR CENSORS PREVENT OUR MILITARY COMMANDERS FROM INSTRUCTING OUR FIGHTING MEN HOW TO DEAL WITH THE MOST VICIOUS ENEMY THIS LAND HAS EVER FACED, WHICH WOULD HELP SAVE THEIR MEN'S LIVES AND THOSE OF THEIR LOVED ONE?.....

"WHO ARE THEY SO ORDAINED, OR ASSUMED TO BE QUALIFIED TO TELL OUR FIGHTING FORCES HOW THEY SHOULD PREPARE AND CONDUCT THEMSELVES IN BATTLE TO WIN AND NOT TO LOSE A WAR?

"ONLY NOW THAT WE FACE SURVIVAL ARE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE BEGINNING TO UNDERSTAND THE DIABOLICAL MONGOLIAN PHILOSOPHY CALLED 'COMMUNISM'."

RICKENBACKER SAID "OUR BRIGHT YOUNG SENATOR FROM ARKANSAS" PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT FOR APPROVAL A SECRET MEMORANDUM FORBIDDING MILITARY COMMANDERS FROM MAKING ANY PUBLIC UTTERANCES WITHOUT "HAVING THE ENTIRE CHAIN OF COMMAND APPROVE OF THEM."

SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT, D-ARK., WHO SENT A MEMORANDUM TO DEFENSE SECRETARY ROBERT S. MCNAMARA, HAS SAID IT WAS DIRECTED "SOLELY AT THE IMPROPRIETY OF A FEW OFFICERS. HE SAID ITS MAIN OBJECTIVE WAS TO ASSURE THAT MILITARY PERSONNEL REFRAIN FROM PUBLIC CRITICISM OF GOVERNMENTAL POLITICAL POLICIES.

RICKENBACKER'S STATEMENTS CAME SHORTLY BEFORE THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE VOTED IN WASHINGTON TO LOOK INTO CHARGES OF THE PENTAGON MUZZLING THOSE IN THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT WHO CRITICIZE COMMUNISM.

A RESOLUTION WAS PASSED CALLING FOR A STUDY AND APPRAISEMENT OF CHARGES MADE EARLIER BY SEN. STROM THURMOND, D-S.C.

FV9 14 PED

1961

A151

(220)

AUGSBURG, GERMANY, SEPT. 20 (AP)--MAJ. GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER, WHO FIGURED IN SENATE HEARINGS ON DEFENSE DEPARTMENT POLICY, SAID TONIGHT HE PLANS TO GO TO THE UNITED STATES WITHIN A WEEK.

THE GENERAL SAID HE WILL BE ON 20-DAY LEAVE. ASKED IF HE WOULD THEN RETURN TO GERMANY, HE REPLIED, "AS FAR AS I KNOW, YES."

WALKER SAID HE WOULD GO TO NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON, BUT DECLINED TO GIVE ANY DETAILED PLANS, SAYING ONLY THAT THE TRIP WAS A COMBINATION OF BUSINESS AND PLEASURE.

THE GENERAL IS IN AUGSBURG FOR THE TRIAL TOMORROW OF A REPORTER ACCUSED OF SLANDERING HIM. ALLEGEDLY THE REPORTER, SIEGFRIED NAUJOCKS OF THE OVERSEAS WEEKLY, HAD TOLD MEMBERS OF 24TH INFANTRY DIVISION THAT A HOSPITAL EXAMINATION HAD SHOWN WALKER TO BE SUFFERING FROM A BRAIN TUMOR. WALKER HAS DENIED THIS AND THE LOCAL GERMAN PROSECUTOR BROUGHT SUIT AGAINST NAUJOCKS ON THE BASIS OF A COMPLAINT BY THE GENERAL.

THE SUIT WAS FILED AFTER THE OVERSEAS WEEKLY DISCLOSED LAST APRIL THAT WALKER HAD INJECTED MATERIAL OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY INTO HIS TROOP INFORMATION PROGRAM. THE ARMY RELIEVED WALKER OF HIS COMMAND AND ADMONISHED HIM AFTER AN INVESTIGATION OF THE REPORT.

THE WALKER CASE RECENTLY HAS BEEN AIRED IN SENATE HEARINGS ON DEFENSE DEPARTMENT POLICY REGARDING PUBLIC STATEMENTS BY ITS TOP OFFICERS.

FV1007 PED

A128WX

(430) INFORMATION

BY WHITNEY SHOEMAKER

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY SET UP A SYSTEM FOR

TAKING SECRECY WRAPS OFF CLASSIFIED GOVERNMENT MATERIAL.

KENNEDY ISSUED AN EXECUTIVE ORDER DESIGNED TO DOWNGRADE THE SECRECY CLASSIFICATION OF DEFENSE DOCUMENTS AT REGULAR INTERVALS--OR SOONER IF OFFICIALS CONCERNED ARE CONVINCED THEY NO LONGER NEED SPECIAL PROTECTION.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER DESCRIBED THE NEW REGULATIONS AS MEETING "LONG-TIME OBJECTIONS TO OVERCLASSIFICATION OF GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS." HE SAID THE PURPOSE WAS TO ACHIEVE AN EFFECTIVE PROCEDURE FOR THE AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING OR DE-CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIAL MARKED SECRET.

SALINGER SAID THE MATTER HAD BEEN OF GREAT INTEREST TO THE HOUSE INFORMATION SUBCOMMITTEE HEADED BY REP. JOHN E. MOSS, D-CALIF., AND TO NEWSPAPER EDITOR GROUPS.

MOSS COMMENDED THE ACTION AS "A MAJOR IMPROVEMENT IN THE INFORMATION PROTECTION SYSTEM."

HE SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT THE SYSTEM WAS RECOMMENDED BY HIS GROUP THREE YEARS AGO AND SUPPORTED BY THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NEWSPAPER EDITORS AND SIGMA DELTA CHI, THE NATIONAL HONORARY JOURNALISM FRATERNITY.

THE SYSTEM WAS DEVELOPED AFTER A LENGTHY STUDY OF GOVERNMENT CLASSIFICATION METHODS BY AN INTER-DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON INTERNAL SECURITY.

KENNEDY'S EXECUTIVE ORDER ESTABLISHES FOUR CATEGORIES OF INFORMATION:

--IT EXCLUDES FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING MATERIAL WHICH COMES FROM FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS OR INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS, WHICH IS GOVERNED BY SUCH STATUTES AS THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OR WHICH REQUIRES SPECIAL HANDLING --INTELLIGENCE AND CODES, FOR EXAMPLE.

--THE ORDER ALSO EXEMPTS "EXTREMELY SENSITIVE INFORMATION" WHICH AN AGENCY HEAD PUTS INTO A SPECIAL CLASS.

--INFORMATION OR MATERIAL WHICH WARRANTS SOME DEGREE OF CLASSIFICATION FOR AN INDEFINITE TIME WILL BE AUTOMATICALLY DOWNGRADED AT 12-YEAR INTERVALS UNTIL THE LOWEST CLASSIFICATION IS REACHED.

--ALL OTHER INFORMATION WILL BE AUTOMATICALLY DOWNGRADED EVERY THREE YEARS UNTIL THE LOWEST CLASSIFICATION IS REACHED. THIS TYPE OF MATERIAL WILL BE AUTOMATICALLY DE-CLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.

CLASSIFIED INFORMATION IS NOW PROTECTED BY LABELS OF TOP SECRET, SECRET, CONFIDENTIAL AND RESTRICTED.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ORDER REQUIRES OFFICIALS WHO CLASSIFY DOCUMENTS TO INDICATE WHETHER THE DOCUMENTS CAN BE DOWNGRADED OR STRIPPED OF THEIR LABELS AT A FASTER PACE THAN THE THREE-YEAR INTERVALS, AFTER A SPECIFIED EVENT OR UPON REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED ENCLOSURES.

THE MOSS SUBCOMMITTEE AND NEWSPAPER GROUPS HAD PROTESTED THAT SECRECY MARKINGS ARE SOMETIMES USED TO CONCEAL MISTAKES ON THE PART OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS OR POLICIES THAT SHOULD BE MADE KNOWN TO THE PUBLIC.

KENNEDY SET FORTH AS THE PURPOSE OF THE NEW REGULATIONS THE PRESERVATION OF "EFFECTIVENESS AND INTEGRITY OF THE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM" WHILE ELIMINATING THE USE OF CLASSIFICATIONS WHEN NO LONGER REQUIRED.

THE PRESIDENT INSTRUCTED DEPARTMENT HEADS TO CONDUCT A RUNNING REVIEW OF CLASSIFIED DOCUMENTS "FOR THE PURPOSE OF DE-CLASSIFYING OR DOWNGRADING WHENEVER NATIONAL DEFENSE CONSIDERATIONS PERMIT."

RZ902 PED

ZURICH, SWITZERLAND, SEPT. 20 (AP)--VACLAV SMISEK, CULTURAL ATTACHE OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK LEGATION IN SWITZERLAND, WAS EXPELLED ON CHARGES OF SPYING TODAY.

SWISS AUTHORITIES HAVE ACCUSED SMISEK OF USING AN UNIDENTIFIED CZECHOSLOVAK LABORATORY WORKER TO GATHER CLASSIFIED MILITARY, POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION IN SWITZERLAND AND ABROAD FOR THE CZECHOSLOVAK INTELLIGENCE SERVICE WHICH SUPPLIED THE INFORMATION TO ANOTHER COMMUNIST POWER.

-0-

1217 ped



A18WX

(130) SOBELL  
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20 (AP)-MRS. MORTON SOBELL PICKETED THE WHITE  
HOUSE TODAY TO PLEAD FOR THE RELEASE FROM JAIL OF HER HUSBAND, A CON-  
VICTED ~~ATOMIC~~ SPY.  
SHE CARRIED A SIGN CONTENDING HER HUSBAND IS INNOCENT AND APPEALING  
FOR HIS FREEDOM ON THIS "DAY OF ATONEMENT," THE JEWISH YOM KIPPUR.  
CITY POLICE ORDERED HER TO MOVE FROM THE MAIN GATE LEADING TO THE  
WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS AND MARCH FARTHER DOWN THE STREET. THEY SAID  
REGULATIONS BAR PICKETING AT THE MAIN GATE WHILE A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR  
IS IN THE MANSION.  
PRESIDENT MANUEL PRADO OF PERU CONFERRED WITH KENNEDY AT THE WHITE  
HOUSE THIS MORNING.  
SOBELL WAS IMPRISONED IN 1951 AFTER BEING SENTENCED TO 30 YEARS FOR  
CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ESPIONAGE. HE PLEADED INNOCENT AT HIS TRIAL WITH  
JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG, WHO WERE SENTENCED TO DEATH.

DY155PED NM

30.24-1729

1961  
END SEPTEMBER 20, 1960